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PATRICIA MANN, an individual and officer of the
SANTA ROSA POLICE DEPARTMENT; and JERRY SOARES,
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Attorneys for Plaintiffs

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

PATRICIA DESANTIS, individually and as
Success in Interest for RICHARD
DESANTIS, deceased, and as Guardian ad
Litem for DANI DESANTIS, a minor, and
TIMOTHY FARRELL, a minor,

Plaintiffs,

v.

CITY OF SANTA ROSA, JERRY
SOARES, RICH CELLI, TRAVIS MENKE,
PATRICIA MANN and DOES 1 through
25, inclusive,

Defendants.

Case No. C 07-3386 JSW

STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

1 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

2 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of
3 confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public
4 disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation would be
5 warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the
6 following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer
7 blanket protections on all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the protection it affords
8 extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled under the applicable legal
9 principles to treatment as confidential. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section
10 10, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order creates no entitlement to file confidential
11 information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and
12 reflects the standards that will be applied when a party seeks permission from the court to file
13 material under seal.

14 2. DEFINITIONS

15 2.1 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors,
16 employees, consultants, retained experts, and outside counsel (and their support staff).

17 2.2 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of
18 the medium or manner generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things,
19 testimony, transcripts, or tangible things) that are produced or generated in disclosures or
20 responses to discovery in this matter.

21 2.3 "Confidential" Information or Items: information (regardless of how
22 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under standards
23 developed under F.R.Civ.P. 26(c).

24 2.4 "Highly Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only" Information or Items:
25 extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items" whose disclosure to another Party or
26 nonparty would create a substantial risk of serious injury that could not be avoided by less
27 restrictive means.

28 2.5 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material

1 from a Producing Party.

2 2.6 Producing Party: a Party or non-party that produces Disclosure or
3 Discovery Material in this action.

4 2.7. Designating Party: a Party or non-party that designates information or items
5 that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "Confidential" or "Highly
6 Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only."

7 2.8 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated
8 as "Confidential" or as "Highly Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only."

9 2.9. Outside Counsel: attorneys who are not employees of a Party but who are
10 retained to represent or advise a Party in this action.

11 2.10 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a Party.

12 2.11 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel and House Counsel (as well
13 as their support staffs).

14 2.12 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
15 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert
16 witness or as a consultant in this action and who is not a past or a current employee of a Party or
17 of a competitor of a Party's and who, at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an
18 employee of a Party or a competitor of a Party's. This definition includes a professional jury or
19 trial consultant retained in connection with this litigation.

20 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
21 services (e.g., photocopying; videotaping; translating; preparing exhibits or demonstrations;
22 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium; etc.) and their employees and
23 subcontractors.

24 3. SCOPE

25 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected
26 Material (as defined above), but also any information copied or extracted therefrom, as well as all
27 copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations thereof, plus testimony, conversations, or
28 presentations by parties or counsel to or in court or in other settings that might reveal Protected

1 Material.

2 4. DURATION

3 Even after the termination of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by
4 this Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court
5 order otherwise directs.

6 5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

7 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party
8 or non-party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care
9 to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards.
10 A Designating Party must take care to designate for protection only those parts of material,
11 documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify - so that other portions of the
12 material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not
13 swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

14 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that
15 are shown to be clearly unjustified, or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to
16 unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process, or to impose unnecessary
17 expenses and burdens on other parties), expose the Designating Party to sanctions.
18 If it comes to a Party's or a non-party's attention that information or items that it designated for
19 protection do not qualify for protection at all, or do not qualify for the level of protection initially
20 asserted, that Party or non-party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the
21 mistaken designation.

22 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this
23 Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a), below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
24 material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before the
25 material is disclosed or produced.

26 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

27 (a) for information in documentary form (apart from transcripts of depositions or
28 other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"

1 or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" at the top of each page that
2 contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
3 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by
4 making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of
5 protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
6 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

7 A Party or non-party that makes original documents or materials available for
8 inspection need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
9 which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the
10 designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY
11 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the
12 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents,
13 or portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order, then, before producing the specified
14 documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or
15 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") at the top of each page that
16 contains Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for
17 protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by
18 making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of
19 protection being asserted (either "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
20 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY").

21 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that
22 the Party or non-party offering or sponsoring the testimony identify on the record, before the
23 close of the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding, all protected testimony, and further specify
24 any portions of the testimony that qualify as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS'
25 EYES ONLY." When it is impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is
26 entitled to protection, and when it appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify
27 for protection, the Party or non-party that sponsors, offers, or gives the testimony may invoke on
28 the record (before the deposition or proceeding is concluded) a right to have up to 20 days to

1 identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is sought and to specify the
2 level of protection being asserted ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
3 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"). Only those portions of the testimony that are appropriately
4 designated for protection within the 20 days shall be covered by the provisions of this Stipulated
5 Protective Order.

6 Transcript pages containing Protected Material must be separately bound by the
7 court reporter, who must affix to the top of each such page the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or
8 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," as instructed by the Party or
9 nonparty offering or sponsoring the witness or presenting the testimony.

10 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary, and for any
11 other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the
12 container or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL"
13 or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only portions of the
14 information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall
15 identify the protected portions, specifying whether they qualify as "Confidential" or as "Highly
16 Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only."

17 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure
18 to designate qualified information or items as "Confidential" or "Highly Confidential - Attorneys'
19 Eyes Only" does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection
20 under this Order for such material. If material is appropriately designated as "Confidential" or
21 "Highly Confidential - Attorneys' Eyes Only" after the material was initially produced, the
22 Receiving Party, on timely notification of the designation, must make reasonable efforts to assure
23 that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

24 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

25 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's
26 confidentiality designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable substantial unfairness, unnecessary
27 economic burdens, or a later significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not
28 waive its right to challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge

1 promptly after the original designation is disclosed.

2 6.2 Meet and Confer. A Party that elects to initiate a challenge to a
3 Designating Party's confidentiality designation must do so in good faith and must begin the
4 process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not
5 sufficient) with counsel for the Designating Party. In conferring, the challenging Party must
6 explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give
7 the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider the
8 circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen
9 designation. A challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it
10 has engaged in this meet and confer process first.

11 6.3 Judicial Intervention. A Party that elects to press a challenge to a
12 confidentiality designation after considering the justification offered by the Designating Party
13 may file and serve a motion under Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule
14 79-5, if applicable) that identifies the challenged material and sets forth in detail the basis for the
15 challenge. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration that affirms that
16 the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding
17 paragraph and that sets forth with specificity the justification for the confidentiality designation
18 that was given by the Designating Party in the meet and confer dialogue.

19 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the
20 Designating Party. Until the court rules on the challenge, all parties shall continue to afford the
21 material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's
22 designation.

23 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

24 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is
25 disclosed or produced by another Party or by a non-party in connection with this case only for
26 prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be
27 disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order.
28 When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of

1 section 11, below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

2 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a
3 location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under
4 this Order.

5 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise
6 ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may
7 disclose any information or item designated CONFIDENTIAL only to:

8 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well
9 as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for
10 this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is
11 attached hereto as Exhibit A;

12 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the
13 Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have
14 signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

15 (c) experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
16 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be
17 Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

18 (d) the Court and its personnel;

19 (e) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom
20 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be
21 Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A);

22 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is
23 reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order"
24 (Exhibit A). Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal
25 Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to
26 anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order.

27 (g) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

28 7.3 Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES

1 ONLY" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by
2 the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated
3 "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

4 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of record in this action, as well
5 as employees of said Counsel to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for
6 this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective Order" that is
7 attached hereto as Exhibit A;

8 (b) Experts (as defined in this Order) (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably
9 necessary for this litigation, (2) who have signed the "Agreement to Be Bound by Protective
10 Order" (Exhibit A), [Optional: and (3) as to whom the procedures set forth in paragraph 7.4,
11 below, have been followed];

12 (c) the Court and its personnel;

13 (d) court reporters, their staffs, and professional vendors to whom
14 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Agreement to Be
15 Bound by Protective Order" (Exhibit A); and

16 (e) the author of the document or the original source of the information.

17 7.4 Procedures for Approving Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -
18 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items to "Experts"

19 (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed in writing by the
20 Designating Party, a Party that seeks to disclose to an "Expert" (as defined in this Order) any
21 information or item that has been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS'
22 EYES ONLY" first must make a written request to the Designating Party that (1) identifies the
23 specific HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL information that the Receiving Party seeks permission to
24 disclose to the Expert, (2) sets forth the full name of the Expert and the city and state of his or her
25 primary residence, (3) attaches a copy of the Expert's current resume, (4) identifies the Expert's
26 current employer(s), (5) identifies each person or entity from whom the Expert has received
27 compensation for work in his or her areas of expertise or to whom the expert has provided
28 professional services at any time during the preceding five years, and (6) identifies (by name and

1 number of the case, filing date, and location of court) any litigation in connection with which the
2 Expert has provided any professional services during the preceding five years.

3 (b) A Party that makes a request and provides the information specified in
4 the preceding paragraph may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert
5 unless, within seven court days of delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection
6 from the Designating Party. Any such objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it
7 is based.

8 (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer
9 with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by
10 agreement. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make the disclosure to the Expert
11 may file a motion as provided in Civil Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule
12 79-5, if applicable) seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe
13 the circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons for which the disclosure to the
14 Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail and
15 suggest any additional means that might be used to reduce that risk. In addition, any such motion
16 must be accompanied by a competent declaration in which the movant describes the parties'
17 efforts to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer
18 discussions) and sets forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to
19 approve the disclosure.

20 In any such proceeding the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the
21 burden of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards
22 proposed) outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to its Expert.

23 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN
24 OTHER LITIGATION.

25 If a Receiving Party is served with a subpoena or an order issued in other litigation
26 that would compel disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as
27 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY," the
28 Receiving Party must so notify the Designating Party, in writing (by fax, if possible) immediately

1 and in no event more than three court days after receiving the subpoena or order. Such
2 notification must include a copy of the subpoena or court order.

3 The Receiving Party also must immediately inform in writing the Party who
4 caused the subpoena or order to issue in the other litigation that some or all the material covered
5 by the subpoena or order is the subject of this Protective Order. In addition, the Receiving Party
6 must deliver a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order promptly to the Party in the other action
7 that caused the subpoena or order to issue.

8 The purpose of imposing these duties is to alert the interested parties to the
9 existence of this Protective Order and to afford the Designating Party in this case an opportunity
10 to try to protect its confidentiality interests in the court from which the subpoena or order issued.
11 The Designating Party shall bear the burdens and the expenses of seeking protection in that court
12 of its confidential material - and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing
13 or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from another court.

14 9. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

15 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
16 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated
17 Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating
18 Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all copies of the Protected
19 Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all
20 the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment
21 and Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

22 10. FILING PROTECTED MATERIAL. Without written permission from the
23 Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a
24 Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to
25 file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5.

26 11. FINAL DISPOSITION. Unless otherwise ordered or agreed in writing by the
27 Producing Party, within sixty days after the final termination of this action, each Receiving Party
28 must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party. As used in this subdivision, "all

Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other form of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. With permission in writing from the Designating Party, the Receiving Party may destroy some or all of the Protected Material instead of returning it. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the sixty day deadline that identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and that affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or other forms of reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence or attorney work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION), above.

12. MISCELLANEOUS

12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

DATED: Oct. 31, 2007

THE SCOTT LAW FIRM

By: 

John Houston Scott
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

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1 DATED: 10/31/07

LAW OFFICES OF ERIC SAFIRE

2
3 By: 

Eric Safire
Attorneys for Plaintiffs

4
5 DATED: 10/31/07

CITY OF SANTA ROSA

6
7 By: 

Caroline L. Fowler
Assistant City Attorney
Attorneys for Defendants

8
9
10 PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

11 DATED: _____

Honorable Jeffrey S. White
United States District Judge

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [print or type full name], of _____
[print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for
the Northern District of California on [date] in the case of _____ [insert formal name of
the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]. I agree to comply with and to
be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge
that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt.
I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject
to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the
provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the
Northern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective
Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint _____ [print or type full name] of
_____ [print or type full address and telephone
number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any
proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: _____

City and State where sworn and signed: _____

Printed name: _____
[printed name]

Signature: _____
[signature]